

A Unity of Divided Hearts By Abū al-Ḥasan Mālik al-Akhḍar

The Messenger of Allāh (المحافقة) informed his Companions that the *Ummah* would divide into seventy-three sects: seventy-two in the Hellfire, one in Paradise. Desiring to learn the description of the singular group, they asked, "O Messenger of Allāh, who is that saved sect?" He replied, "The Jamāʿah." The noble Companion ʿAbd Allāh ibn Masʿūd (المحافقة) later defined the Jamāʿah as "what is in obedience to Allah, even if you are alone." In his explanation of Sunan Abū Dāwud, al-ʿAthīm Ābādī cites Abū Manṣūr ʿAbd al-Qādir b. Ṭāhir al-Tamīmī, who explains that the groups who split from the Jamāʿah are "those who have opposed the people of truth in the fundamentals of al-Tawhīd, belief in Divine Decree—its good and bad—the conditions of Prophethood and Messengership, fealty to the Companions, etc." This narration, above all, illustrates the clear distinction between the people of truth and the people of falsehood. Between them lies a great divide. Regrettably, there are those who seek to narrow this divide, to make the saved group indistinguishable from the other seventy-two. They seek an "all-inclusive" methodology.

In several refutations against Abū al-Ḥasan al-Ma'ribī, our *Shaykh*, *al-'Allāmah*, Rabī'' b. Hādī al-Madkhalī has addressed the proponents of this call: "There are those who plant themselves among the people of *Sunnah*, yet they support the people of innovation and wage war against *Ahl Sunnah*. These individuals are the most dangerous people to the *Salafis*." He goes on to mention that the followers of Ma'ribī's methodology label the people of *Sunnah* extreme

because [the people of *Sunnah*] deal with [innovators] appropriately, just as the Pious Predecessors did, and they behave toward them the way the *Salaf* behaved toward the people of innovation. These individuals are averse to this. They do not want you to say that the *Ikhwān al-Muslimūn* is like this, the *Jamāʿah al-Tablīgh* is like that, and such-and-such a group is like this. They say, "We have a vast methodology that encompasses the people of *Sunnah* and the entire *Ummah*." With them, the people of *Sunnah* are *al-Ikhwān al-Muslimūn* and the *Jamāʿah al-Tablīgh*. The *Ikhwān al-Muslimūn* comprises numerous misguided sects: the *Rāfiḍis* and Ṣūfis, with their different types; all of the people of

¹ Sharḥ Usūl al-I tiqād (1/122)

² 'Awn al-Ma' būd (12/222)

innovation are present within *al-Ikhwān al-Muslimūn*...and the *Jamāʿah al-Tablīgh*, who pledge fealty to four Ṣūfī orders comprised of *shirk*, pantheism, [belief in the] unity of existence, and other major innovations.³

Hence, these callers would absolve the people of major innovation—even *shirk*—in the name of "opening the circle." This is why you find among them those who praise the "good character" of the *Jamāʿah al-Tablīgh*, while in the same breath disparaging *Salafīs*: mismatched praise and criticism, emanating from mixed-up minds. How can those who violate *al-Tawḥīd* be seen as people of good character? As *Shaykh al-Islam* Ibn Bāz (ﷺ) has clarified, "*al-Tawḥīd* is the foundation of good character," and "the greatest and most essential element of good character is the *Tawḥīd* of Allah, sincere worship, and the abandonment of *shirk*." Allah states:

"And verily, you (O Muḥammad) are on an exalted standard of character" [al-Qalam 68:4].

Yet, these Ma'ribites, in their confusion, believe unity (and success) can be achieved by wedding those who have separated from the saved sect, then declaring these $ahz\bar{a}b$ "the $Jam\bar{a}$ 'ah." And while some of these callers disavow any personal connection to al-Ma'ribī and his way, they have all turned off at the same milestone. They are akin to the $Tabl\bar{\imath}ghis$ who reject the term $S\bar{\imath}u\bar{f}i$, yet in creed and practice, they are, as al-Muhaddith al-Albānī ($abcdite{i}shis$) stated, "the modern day $S\bar{\imath}ufiyah$."

The unity of these Ma'ribite callers is nothing save division—a unity of divided hearts:

³ Qurrah al-'Aynayn (p. 221)

⁴ See http://www.binbaz.org.sa/article/194

⁵ Tafsīr al-Baghawī (5/130)

⁶ Collected by al-Tirmidhī in *al-Jāmi* (no. 2229). *Shaykh* al-Albānī has graded this narration authentic in his checking of *Jāmi* al-Tirmidhī (no. 2229).

⁷ Refer to http://sunnahpublishing.net/wp-content/uploads/2017/10/albaniontabligh.mp3

"You think they are together, but their hearts are divided. That is because they are a people who do not reason" [al-Ḥashr 59:14].

Concerning this verse, Qatādah (ﷺ) said, "You find the people of falsehood diverse in their creeds, their desires, and their actions, yet they are united in their hatred for the people of truth."

This is the illusion of inclusion. These callers do not see that true unity comes only as a result of uniting upon the way of the Prophet (عَلَيْنَا عَلَى) and his Companions (عَلَيْنَا عَلَى), the saved group, even if those followers are few; and that division comes as a result of opposing their way, even if those in opposition are many.



⁸ Tafsīr al-Ṭabarī (22/538)